Amendments to the Claims:

The following claims will replace all prior versions of the claims in this application (in the unlikely event that no claims follow herein, the previously pending claims will remain):

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating a semiconductor device, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) forming a plurality of conductive patterns arranged with a predetermined spacing distance on a substrate, each conductive pattern including a conductive layer and a hard mask nitride layer;
- (b) forming a planarized inter-layer insulation layer on an entire surface of the resulting structure from the step (a);
- (c) etching the inter-layer insulation layer through the use of a wet etching process or a dry etching process so that a height of the inter-layer insulation layer is lower than that of the hard mask nitride layer to thereby expose a whole upper portion of the conductive patterns;
- (d) forming an etch stop layer along the inter-layer insulation layer on an entire surface of a resulting structure from the step (c);
- (e) forming a self-aligned contact hole of which partial portion expands towards each conductive pattern by etching selectively etching the etch stop layer and the inter-layer insulation layer until a surface of a partial portion of the substrate disposed within the predetermined spacing distance is exposed and to thereby form a self-aligned contact hole; and
- (f) forming a self-aligned contact structure by filling the self-aligned contact hole with a conductive material.
- 2. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the etch stop layer is a nitride-based layer and has a thickness ranging from about 50 Å to about 1000 Å.
- 3. (Original) The method as recited in claim 2, wherein the inter-layer insulation layer is an oxide-based layer.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 4 14, wherein the hard mask nitride layer has a thickness in a range from about 1000 Å to about 5000 Å.

Application No. <u>10/617,226</u> Amendment dated July 8, 2005 Page 3

- 5. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein at the step of etching the inter-layer insulation layer, the inter-layer insulation layer is etched from an upper part of the hard mask nitride layer until reaching a thickness in a range from about 300 Å to about 1500 Å.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 5, wherein the inter-layer insulation layer is made of any material selected from a the group consisting of a boron-phosphorus silicate glass (BPSG), high temperature oxide (HTO), medium temperature oxide (MTO), high density plasma (HDP) oxide, tetra-ethyl-ortho silicate (TEOS) and advanced planarization layer (APL).
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 4 14, wherein the conductive layer is a bit line and the conductive material is a storage node contact plug.
- 8. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the self-aligned contact hole is formed with use of a photoresist pattern formed by employing a photo-exposure process using a light source of KrF or ArF.
- 9. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the storage node contact hole is formed by a self-aligned contact (SAC) process.
- 10. (Original) The method as recited in claim 9, wherein such gas as C_3F_8 , C_4F_8 , C_5F_8 , C_3F_3 , C_4F_6 or C_2F_4 is used as a main etch gas to provide high etch selectivity during the SAC process.
- 11. (Original) The method as recited in claim 9, wherein during the SAC process, such gas as CHF₃, C₂HF₅, CH₂F₂ or CH₃F is also used as the etch gas for increasing a bottom side area of the storage node contact hole in order to improve reliability of the etch process along with the high etch selectivity.
- 12. (Original) The method as recited in claim 9, wherein during the SAC process, oxygen gas or Ar gas is also used as the etch gas for improving a stopping function of the etch process by increasing plasma stability and sputtering efficiency.

Application No. <u>10/617,226</u> Amendment dated July 8, 2005 Page 4

- 13. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein a mask for forming the storage node contact hole is formed in a hole-type, T-type or a line-type.
- 14. (New) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein each conductive pattern includes a conductive layer and a hard mask nitride layer.
- 15. (New) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein a partial portion of the selfaligned contact hole expands towards each conductive pattern.